### **Art Overview – coverage and sequencing summary 2023**

### Brookburn's rationale behind the art curriculum design: 'A creative journey'

The art curriculum at Brookburn is designed to encourage creativity and personal expression, to develop a range of artistic skills and to expose children to a variety of culturally diverse artists that helped shape history. Art is a creative tool used to communicate and express ideas and responses to what we experience in the world around us. As children develop their personal styles, they will have the opportunity to explore colour, form, patterns and texture through a variety of techniques and processes. Our art curriculum is designed to give children the opportunity to develop skills and techniques through a creative journey.

We understand the importance of inspiring the appreciation of the arts as this helps to deepen a child's understanding of the world around them. By explicitly teaching about great artists, both historical and contemporary, they will begin to develop their cultural understanding, apply their critical thinking skills and make links across the curriculum.

### How we teach art

We have chosen to use AccessArt to support teachers to deliver our art curriculum. In each topic, children will develop specific disciplines such as drawing, collage and sculpture. The curriculum is planned and sequenced to ensure progression within each discipline and the opportunity for children to explore and experiment with a range of techniques and materials. Art lessons ensure that as well as learning new skills, children have the opportunities to revisit their learning and build on their abilities as they progress through the school. At the end of each topic there will always be opportunities for the children to reflect and evaluate their own pieces of work. Children will have the opportunity to exhibit their work- 'our gallery'

To provide a broad and rich artistic experience we believe we should make the most of what Manchester has to offer through a range of art trips, visits, clubs and projects throughout the year. Projects are supported by local artists.

### **Exploring Art in EYFS**

In order to prepare our children for the pathways in Yr 1-6, we use AccessArt resources which are grouped around 7 areas of exploration:

- What can we see?
- How can we explore colour?
- How can we build worlds?
- How can we explore materials and marks?
- How can we explore 3D materials?
- How can we use our bodies to make art?
- How can we use our imaginations?

Within each area AccessArt provides activities which enable an open-ended, playful exploration of materials, processes and ideas, which in turn nurture dexterity skills, promote an early understanding of visual literacy skills and begin to build the child's confidence in their ability to make a personal, creative response to stimuli.

- What Can We See?
- How Can We Explore Colour?
- How Can We Build Worlds?
- How Can We Explore Materials & Marks?
- How Can We Explore 3D Materials?
- How Can We Use Our Bodies To Make Art?
- How Can We Use Our Imaginations?

We also use our progression model to ensure that wider opportunities are planned for art that may not be included in AccessArt. For example, the Bauhaus project in Nursery focuses on shape and colour.

	Autumn Legacy of Monarchy Our Place	Spring Voyage, Discovery and Legacy Our Planet	Summer Legacy of Manchester Our World
Nursery	What can we see?  Finding Circles https://www.accessart.org.uk/finding-circles/  Knowledge and skills developed:  Observation, Familiarity with Shapes and Shape Names, Visual Literacy, Relationship of 2d to 3d, Recording, Sharing, Reflection  Autumn Floor Textiles https://www.accessart.org.uk/autumn-floor-textiles/	How can we explore materials and marks?  Nursery Night Time Collage https://www.accessart.org.uk/nursery-night-time-collage/  How can we use our bodies to make art?  Hands, Feet and Flowers https://www.accessart.org.uk/hands-feet-and-flowers/	How can we use our imaginations?  Lets Start With Collage https://www.accessart.org.uk/lets-start-with-collage/  How can we explore colour?  Printing With String https://www.accessart.org.uk/printing-with-string/

## Reception



# What can we see? Shells: observational and imaginative drawing

Knowledge and skills developed:
Observational and imaginative drawing,
experimenting with different colours, shape and
texture

How can we explore materials and marks?

<u>Transforming Objects</u> https://www.accessart.org.uk/transforming-objects/

How can we explore colour?

Collecting, Arranging, Drawing
https://www.accessart.org.uk/collecting-arranging-dra
wing/

### How can we explore materials and marks?

Galaxy Painting https://www.accessart.org.uk/galaxy-painting/

Collage streets https://www.accessart.org.uk/collage-streets/



How can we use our bodies to make art?

Movement Maps https://www.accessart.org.uk/movement-maps/

#### What can we see?

Still Life Compositions Inspired by Cezanne https://www.accessart.org.uk/still-life-inspired-by-cezann



#### How can we use our imaginations?

<u>Imaginary Landscapes</u> https://www.accessart.org.uk/imaginary-landscapes/



Repeat Pattern Printing Roller https://www.accessart.org.uk/repeat-pattern-printing-rolle

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#### Spirals Inspired by Flora & Fauna **Making Birds** Year 1 Using drawing, collage and mark-making to Explore how artists make art inspired by flora and fauna. Make Sculptural project beginning with making drawings collages of MiniBeasts and display as a shared artwork. from observation, exploring media, and explore spirals. Introducing sketchbooks. transforming the drawings from 2d to 3d to make a bird. Disciplines: Drawing, Collage, Sketchbooks That drawing is a physical and Disciplines: Drawing, collage, sketchbooks Disciplines: Sculpture, Drawing, Collage emotional activity. That when we draw, we can move our whole body. That we can control the lines we That artists can be inspired by the flora and That there is a relationship between make by being aware of how we fauna around them. drawing & making – we can transform hold a drawing tool, how much That we can use careful looking to help our 2d to 3d. pressure we apply, and how fast or drawing, and use drawing to help looking. That we can use observational drawing slow we move. That we can use a variety of materials to make and experimental mark-making That we can draw from observation images, and that the images we make can together to make art. or imagination. become imaginative. That we can work from similar stimulus That we can use colour to help our That we can create individual artwork, and that or starting point but end up with very drawings engage others. we can bring that artwork together to make a different individual results. shared artwork. That the individual results can then be brought together to make a whole artwork.

### Year 2

#### **Explore & Draw**

Introducing the idea that artists can be collectors & explorers as they develop drawing and composition skills.



### Disciplines: Drawing, Collage, Sketchbooks

- That artists explore the world, seeing things around them in new ways, and bring things back to their studios to help them make art.
- That we can go into our own environments, even when they are very familiar to us, and learn to see with fresh eyes and curiosity.
- That we can use the things we find to draw from, using close observational looking.
- That we can explore and use art materials, be inventive with how we use them, taking creative risks and enjoying accidents as well as planned successes.
- We can use the shape of the page, and the way we arrange elements on the page, to create compositions which we like.

### **Exploring the World Through Mono Print**

Using a simple monoprint technique to develop drawing skills, encourage experimentation and ownership.



Disciplines: Printmaking (Mono Print), Drawing, Collage

- When we make mono prints we use mark making to create one off prints.
- When we make mono prints we create an impression of a drawing.
- That we can generate playful narratives and inventions through drawing.
- That we understand that using a range of marks will generate different effects when creating mono prints.
- That we can create creative responses to different stimuli and make the work our own.

#### **Stick Transformation Project**

Explore how you can transform a familiar object into new and fun forms.



Disciplines: Making, Drawing, Sketchbooks

- That artists use their creativity to look at the world in new ways, and use their hands to transform materials into new things.
- That making art can be playful and fun. That we can create things for other people to enjoy/use.
- That we can use our imagination to help us shape the world.

### The drawing Journey (KS1)- https://www.accessart.org.uk/drawing-journey-children-ages-5-7/

### Year 3

### **Gestural Drawing with Charcoal**

Making loose, gestural drawings with charcoal, and exploring drama and performance.



### Disciplines: Drawing, Sketchbooks

- That when we draw we can use gestural marks to make work.
- That when we draw we can use the expressive marks we make to create a sense of drama.
- That when we draw we can move around.
- That when we draw we can use light to make our subject matter more dramatic, and we can use the qualities of the material (charcoal) to capture the drama.

### **Working with Shape and Colour**

"Painting with Scissors": Collage and stencil in response to looking at artwork.



#### Disciplines: Printmaking (Stencil/Screen Print), Collage

- That we can be inspired by key artworks and make our own work in creative response.
- That we can use shape and colour as a way to simplify elements of the world.
- That shapes have both a positive and negative element.
- That we can arrange shapes to create exciting compositions.
- That we can build up imagery through layering shapes.
- That we can use collage to inspire prints.

### **Exploring Still Life**

Explore artists working with the genre of still life, contemporary and more traditional. Create your own still life inspired art work.



Disciplines: Painting, Drawing, Collage, Sketchbooks, Relief

- That when artists make work in response to static objects around them it is called still life
- That still life has been a genre for many hundreds of years, and is it still relevant today.
- That when artists work with still life, they bring their own comments and meaning to the objects they portray.

			<ul> <li>That we can make a still life creative response in many media: drawing, painting, collage, relief</li> <li>That we can use line, shape, colour, texture, and form to help us give meaning to our work, and explore composition, foreground, background, and negative space.</li> </ul>
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### Year 4

#### **Storytelling Through Drawing**

Explore how artists create sequenced drawings to share and tell stories. Create accordian books or comic strips to retell poetry or prose through drawing.



### Disciplines: Drawing, Sketchbooks

- That we can tell stories through drawing.
- That we can use text within our drawings to add meaning.
- That we can sequence drawings to help viewers respond to our story.
- That we can use line, shape, colour and composition to develop evocative and characterful imagery.

### Cloth, Thread, Paint

Explore how artists combine media to create work in response to landscape. Use acrylic and thread to make a painted and stitched piece.



Disciplines: Painting, Sewing, Drawing, Sketchbooks

- That artists can combine art and craft using painting and sewing together to make art.
- That when we use two media together such as paint and thread, we can use their unique qualities in different ways to build an image.
- That the skills we learn in one medium such as mark making in drawing, can be used in another such as sewing.
- That we don't have to use materials in traditional ways it is up to us to reinvent how we use materials and techniques to make art.

Sculpture, Structure, Inventiveness & Determination

#### What can artists learn from nature?



### Disciplines: Drawing, Sketchbooks, Sculpture

- That artists can learn from the world around them. That artists can draw parallels with other beings/events to help us understand things about ourselves.
- That artists take creative risks. That artists try to say new things by manipulating and representing the materials of the world.
- That we can feel safe enough to take creative risks in our own work. That we can explore materials and ideas feeling free from criticism.
- That we can express our personality through the art we make.
- That we can use materials, tools and the ideas in our head to explore line, shape, form, balance and structure.
- That making art can be hard, but that doesn't mean we aren't doing it right or

aren't good at it. It just means we are doing it. The Drawing Journey-LKS2 https://www.accessart.org.uk/drawing-journey-children-ages-7-9/ **Making Monotypes Architecture: Dream Big or Small?** Typography & Maps Year 5 Exploring how we can create typography Combine the monotype process with painting and **Explore the responsibilities architects** through drawing and design, and use our collage to make visual poetry zines. have to design us a better world. Make skills to create personal and highly visual your own architectural model. maps. Disciplines: Disciplines: Printmaking (Monotype), Drawing, Painting, Design: Typography, Drawing, Collage, Collage, Sketchbooks Disciplines: Architecture, Drawing, Sketchbooks

That Monotype is a process where we make

images by transferring ink from one surface

monotype gives us between mark making

and outcome to make images with texture

That we can combine monotype with other

disciplines such as painting and collage.

to another to make a single print.

and a sense of history/process.

That we can use the "distance" that

That architects have a responsibility

to design buildings which help make

our world a better place, including

thinking about the environmental

impact of the buildings they design.

individuals and the communities we

That we can make creative choices

which both serves ourselves as

belong to.

Sketchbooks

ideas and emotions.

Typography.

That when designers work with

That we can use the way words

typography and combine it with

look to help us communicate

That we can create our own

fonts and layout it is called

	other visual elements to make artwork about chosen themes.	That we can make art by expressing our own personal response to literature or film.	<ul> <li>That we can use form, structure, materials, and scale to design innovative buildings.</li> <li>That we can build architectural models to test out our ideas and share our vision.</li> </ul>
Year 6	2D Drawing to 3D Making	<u>Identity</u>	<u>Activism</u>
	Explore how 2D drawings can be transformed to 3D objects. Work towards a sculptural outcome or a graphic design outcome.	Explore how artists explore their identity through their art	Explore how artists use their skills to speak on behalf of communities. Make art about things you care about.
	Disciplines: Drawing, Sculpture, Graphic Design, Collage, Sketchbooks	Disciplines: Collage, Drawing, Sketchbooks	Disciplines: Printing, Collaging, Drawing
	<ul> <li>That drawing and making have a close relationship.</li> <li>That drawing can be used to transform a two dimensional surface, which can be manipulated to make a three dimensional object.</li> <li>That when we transform two dimensional surfaces we can use line, mark making, value, shape, colour, pattern and composition to help us create our artwork.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>That artists embrace the things which make them who they are: their culture, background, experiences, passions – and use these in their work to help them create work which others can relate to.</li> <li>That people are the sum of lots of different experiences, and that through art we can explore our identity.</li> <li>That we can use techniques such as working with layers to help create imagery which reflects the complex nature of our identities.</li> <li>That as viewers we can then "read" imagery made by other people, unpicking imagery, line,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>That artists can use art as a way to express their opinions, using their skills to speak for sectors of society.</li> <li>That artists acting as activists often use print because it allows them to duplicate and distribute their message.</li> <li>That a carefully chosen image can be a powerful way to communicate as it is direct and crosses boundaries of language.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>That we can use methods such as the grid method and looking at negative space to help us draw.</li> <li>That there is a challenge involved in bringing two dimensions to 3 dimensions which we can solve with a combination of invention and logic.</li> </ul>	shape, colour to help us understand the experience of the artist.	That through art as activism we can come together.
	The Drawing Journey- UKS2 https://www.accessart.org.uk/drawing-journey-children-ages-9-11/		